National Earthquake Hazards Reduction Program

... a research and implementation partnership

NIST

Earthquake Risk Mitigation R&D Program Update

Advisory Committee on Earthquake Hazards Reduction
10 November 2010











Presentation Outline

- Program Management Philosophy
- Program Planning
- Projects



Overarching Principle

NEHRP Mission

To develop, disseminate, and promote knowledge, tools, and practices for earthquake risk reduction – through coordinated, multi-disciplinary partnerships among the NEHRP agencies and their stakeholders – that improve the nation's earthquake resilience in public safety, economic strength and national security.

Fulfilling the mission requires NEHRP (and NIST) to support the advancement of performance-based design and engineering principles!



Program Management Philosophy (1/2)

- Earthquake Risk Mitigation (ERM) R&D is one of 3 programs in Engineering Laboratory (EL) Disaster-Resilient Structures and Communities Strategic Goal area*
- EL long-range plan is to develop integrated <u>strategic</u> R&D roadmap for ERM R&D under Disaster-Resilient Structures and Communities Strategic Goal
- Key first step is receipt of National Research Council (NRC) roadmap for all needed U.S. earthquake risk mitigation implementation activities
 - NIST work is expected to be part of this larger plan.
 - NRC report development has encountered significant delays.
- NIST strategic Earthquake Risk Mitigation (ERM) R&D plan is also expected to follow philosophical approach outlined in ATC-57 (see following slides)
- * With recent NIST realignment, the structure of Engineering Laboratory strategic goals and program will be reviewed and possibly realigned



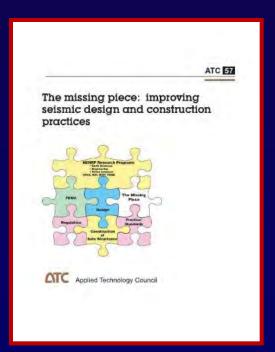
Program Management Philosophy (2/2)

- 2007-2010 projects have largely focused on fulfilling needs identified in ATC-57 (see following slides)
- Consistent with ATC-57, 2007-2010 projects have targeted numerous gaps identified by practitioners and researchers working on FEMAsponsored work (see following slides)
- 2010 Chile earthquake also had major impact on 2010-2011 plans (see following slides)
 - NIST accompanied EERI LFE and ASCE 7 teams in post-earthquake reconnaissance
 - NIST co-sponsored Chile earthquake reconnaissance discussion meeting with ASCE, PEER, that identified several key building code issues: http://www.nehrp.gov/library/ChileMeeting.htm



Program Philosophy: The "ATC Roadmap"

- A "...gap between engineering and scientific knowledge and its practical application (for design and construction of economical, earthquake-safe structures) has dramatically widened ..."
- "The informational link between theory, research results, and practice is weaker than it should be."



Roadmap Elements

- 1. Technical support for seismic practice and code development.
- 2. Problem-focused, user-directed research to support development of performance-based seismic design concepts and guidelines.
- 3. Problem-focused research and technical resources (e.g., guidelines and manuals) development to improve seismic engineering practice.
- 4. Evaluated technology made available to practicing professionals in the design and construction communities.
- 5. Tools to enhance the productivity, economy, and effectiveness of the earthquake-resistant design and construction process.



Program Philosophy: The "ATC Roadmap"

Four groups in U.S. society play key roles in shaping, promoting, and implementing the use and development of technology in the engineering design and construction professions:

- Private sector
- Academia

- Government
- Collaborative organizations



Roadmap Philosophy

- Program should be user- and needs-driven
- Include appropriate evaluations and assessments and abide by them
- Efforts of government, academic, and private sector participants should be balanced and formulated to achieve results on specific tasks
- Assess costs and benefits

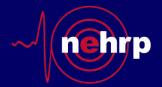


Implementing the ATC "Roadmap"





- Began implementation in 2007
- Developing combined extramural and in-house research capabilities and efforts
- Target ~ 50% of total funded effort in extramural efforts
- Awarded 5-year IDIQ contract to NEHRP Consultants Joint Venture in September 2007
 - Partnership of ATC and CUREE
 - All earthquake engineering research centers (MAE Center, MCEER, PEER Center) also tied to partnership
- Building new in-house research staff collaborative with, but not overlapping, existing NIST Structures Group staff
- Use NEES sites for any experimental work that is undertaken



Program Planning Resources (1/2)

Specific research needs are identified via interactions with earthquake professional community and review of resource documents, e.g.:

- Participation in BSSC PUC and ASCE 7/31/41
- Field reconnaissance (e.g., Chile, see http://www.nehrp.gov/library/ChileMeeting.htm)
- NEHRP Recommended Provisions research needs statements

RESEARCH NEEDS IDENTIFIED DURING DEVELOPMENT OF THE 2009 NEHRP RECOMMENDED SEISMIC PROVISIONS FOR NEW BUILDINGS AND OTHER STRUCTURES

DESIGN AND ANALYSIS

Several items related to the design and analysis requirements of the 2009 Provisions require fundamental research based on the methodology outlined in Quantification of Building Seismic Performance Factors, FEMA P-695. In addition, specific issues requiring attention if defensible changes are to be made in current requirements include system irregularities (both vertical and horizontal), dual frame systems, strong-column/weak-beam requirements for special moment frames, and importance factors for Occupancy Category III and IV structures.

Among the design and analysis issues identified for attention are the following:

1. With FEMA P-695 now complete and benchmarking of the methodology with several existing system types identified in ASCE/SE17-05 Table 12,2-1 (including the requirement that C_d = R, which has specific consequences), Design Coefficients and Factors for Seismic Force-Resisting Systems, under way, efforts to simplify Table 12.2-1 are warranted. Envisioned is a table that would be more generically based on anticipated level of ductility (ordinary, intermediate, and special) for all material types (i.e., special, intermediate, and ordinary systems would have the same seismic design coefficient factors regardless of material type). Likewise, the need for the system to be dependent on Seismic Design Category and the need for height limits should be reviewed and verified. Finally, the R factor basis should be verified (i.e., whether seismic designs are best categorized as "life safety" or "collapse"). Clearly, however, the performance goals of nonstructural systems also need to be considered, refined, and modified as necessary to produce the desired results. The determination of the structural performance goals should be based, at least in part, on

Source: FEMA P-750



Program Planning Resources (2/2)

Specific research needs are identified via interactions with earthquake professional community and review of resource documents, *e.g.*:

- PBSD workshop report (NIST GCR 09-917-2)
- ATC 57 (see previous slides)
- ATC 73 Prioritized Research for Reducing the Seismic Hazards of Existing Buildings





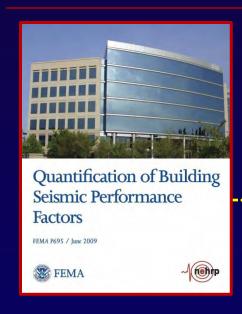
Overview of Ongoing Projects

- Ongoing NEHRP Consultants Joint Venture task orders and in-house projects are listed
- Proposed 2011 NCJV task orders will be approved & finalized before ACEHR meeting in Spring 2011



Roadmap Element (1)

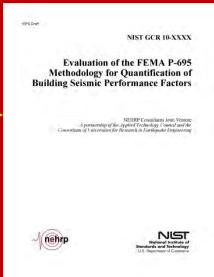
Technical Support for Seismic Practice & Code Development



- Task Orders 1 & 4: Quantification of Building System Performance and Response Parameters (to be completed late 2010)
- In-House Project: Improved Seismic Provisions for U.S. Building Codes (2011 new start, based on Chile observations)

- In-House Project: Seismic Performance of Buildings in the Central and Eastern U.S. (2011 new start)





Technical Support for Seismic Practice & Code Development

- Task Order 16: Cost-Benefit Analysis of Codes and Standards for Earthquake-Resistant Construction in Selected U.S. Regions, Phase 1 (discussed previously)
- Task Order 17: Seismic Behavior and Design of Deep, Slender Wide-Flange Structural Beam-Column Members, Phase 1 (late 2010 startup)
- Task Order 19: Comparison of Present Chilean and U.S. Model Building Code Seismic Provisions and Seismic Design Practices (late 2010 startup)
- Task Order 20: Ground Motion and Building Performance Data from the 2010 Chile Earthquake (late 2010 startup)
- Task Order 21/22: Analysis of Seismic Performance of Reinforced Concrete Buildings in the 2010 Chile Earthquake (late 2010 startup)





Performance-Based Seismic Design Development

- Task Order 6: Nonlinear Multi-Degree of Freedom Modeling (report in formal publication review)
- In-House: Nonlinear Seismic Analysis of Structures

- Current focus: Develop an accurate & efficient nonlinear modal analysis methodology that accommodates nonlinear modal superposition using the force analogy and state space methods.
- Methodology will be peer reviewed in early 2011.

NIST GCR 10-917-9 Applicability of Nonlinear Multiple-Degree-of-Freedom Modeling for Design NEHRP Consultants Joint Venture A parmership of the Applied Technology Council and the Convortium of Universities for Research in Earthquake Engineering



Performance-Based Seismic Design Development

 In-House: Performance-Based Seismic Engineering Methodologies for Buildings (2009 startup – to be peer-reviewed)

Identified in NIST GCR 09-917-2 as Current Practice (CP)* needed research topic CP-1 to support full implementation of Performance Based Seismic Design (PBSD) - Benchmark current performance-based design methodologies:

"Results of the ASCE 41 procedures are currently perceived to be conservative, but there has been no systematic effort to critically examine the performance predicted by the procedures, compare them with other evaluation and design methodologies, or thoroughly investigate inconsistencies."

* Assessed by leading experts as needing immediate attention!





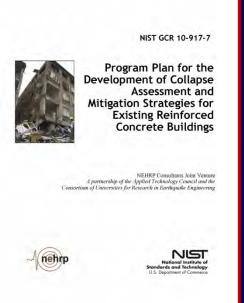
Performance-Based Seismic Design Development

Concrete Model Building Subtypes
Recommended for Use in Collecting Inventory Data

The state of the state of

NIST GCR 10-917-6 now available

Task Order 5: Integration of Collapse Risk
 Mitigation Standards and Guidelines for Older
 Reinforced Concrete Buildings into National
 Standards, Phase 1



- Project is intended to support ongoing NEES Grand Challenge project at PEER with appropriate applied research and tech transfer.
- NIST GCR 10-917-7 now in editorial review.



Performance-Based Seismic Design Development

- Task Order 9: Selecting and Scaling
 Earthquake Ground Motions for Performing
 Time-History Analyses
 - Identified in NIST GCR 09-917-2 as Current Practice (CP) needed research topic CP-3 to support full implementation of PBSD
 - Slated for completion late 2011
- Task Order 10: Procedures for Characterizing and Modeling Soil-Structure Interaction for PBSE
 - Identified in NIST GCR 09-917-2 as Future Practice (FPA) needed research topic FPA-6 to support full implementation of PBSD
 - Slated for completion late 2011





National Guidelines and Manuals Development

Partnership with:



Seismic Risk Management for Port Systems

SAFEGUARDING THE INFRASTRUCTURE OF GLOBAL TRADE www.neesgc.gatech.edu

Task Order 2: Development of Seismic Design Guidelines for Port and Harbor Facilities, Phases 1 & 2

- Concept: Provide knowledge transfer leverage for ongoing NEES Grand Challenge project
- Project team closely tied to ASCE Coasts,
 Oceans, Ports, and Rivers Institute (COPRI)
- Project has foundered
- Key decision on continuation in mid-2011



Courtesy National Information Service for Earthquake Engineering University of California, Berkeley

Images courtesy of Prof Glenn Rix, Georgia Tech



Evaluated Technology for Practitioners











2009







Evaluated Technology for Practitioners

2010-2011 Techbrief Production:

- Task Order 15: Seismic Design of Reinforced Concrete Shear Walls
- Task Order 16: Analysis and Design of Concrete-on-Metal Deck Diaphragms
- Two additional techbriefs are proposed for 2011-2012 production



Program Reception

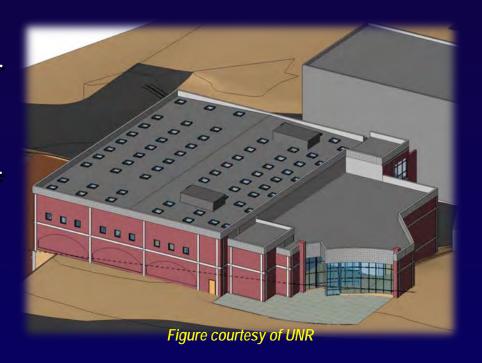
- Techbriefs received well by both educators and practitioners
- Techbrief on Seismic Design of Steel Special Moment Frames received 2010 Engineering Excellence award from Structural Engineers Association of Northern California
- Other products now beginning to mature



NIST Grant Activities

ARRA Research Grants

- PBSD Methods and Tools for Reinforced Masonry Shear Wall Structures (UCSD)
- Development & Evaluation of PBEE-Compliant Structural Systems (VT)
- Modeling Natural Disaster Risk Management (U DE)



 2010 Construction Grant: Expansion of the Center for Civil Engineering Earthquake Research Facilities at University of Nevada, Reno (UNR)

